The Massillon Independent.

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COLLISION ON THE CROSSING

B. & O. and W. & L. E. Trains Came Together.

THE CREWS WERE NOT INJURED.

Engineer Lamb, of the B. & O., Received a Gash in His Left Foot—B. & O. Ran Into W. & L. E. Engine—W. & L. E Had the Targ-t.

The B. & O. and the Wheeling & Lake Erie crossing was the scene of another freight collision at about 7 o'clock Thursday evening. Two engines came together and each was damaged. No one was seriously injured. Engineer Fred Lamb, of Chicago Junction, in charge of the B. & O. engine, received a gash on the left foot and had the toes of that foot slightly cut, but otherwise he was uninjured and none of the other members of either crew was injured in the least.

The B. & O. engine crew consisted of Engineer Lamb and Fireman Fred Brown, both of Chicago Junction. Fireman Brown is a former Massillon man and formerly lived near Yingling's hill. The Wheeling & Lake Erie engine crew consisted of Engineer S. Work and Fireman Pflug. Engineer Lamb was taken to Mt. Airy hospital, where he received attention. He will return to his home soon.

Superintendent Johnson, of the B. & O., Superintendent McMasters, of the Wheeling & Lake Erie, Assistant Superintendent Van Dusen, of the Wheeling & Lake Erie, Trainmaster Barber, of the Wheeling & Lake Erie, and others came to the scene during the night. They took the testimony of those connected with the accident.

This testimony shows that the Wheeling & Lake Erie train, which had just come out of the terminal yards bound for Toledo, had the target. The train was under full head of steam. The testimony also showed that Engineer Lamb had made but a few trips over this division of the B. & O. When his train approached the crossing he asked Fireman Brown how the target stood. Engineer Lamb says that he received the reply that the B. & O. had the target. He then put on steam. Just after doing this he noticed Targetkeeper John Rodenberger trying to swing down the train. Engneer Lamb tried to stop and had nearly done so when he reached the crossing. He looked for his fireman but did not see him and the next moment the two engines hit.

The engines met pilot to pilot and engines in a head end collision on a single track would not have met more squarely. Engineer Lamb and Engineer Work and Fireman Pflug all stuck to their posts. As the engines met, the B. & O. was carried west and tipped over across the right of way of the Wheeling & Lake Erie track. The Wheeling & Lake Erie engine remained on its wheels and came to a stop a few feet away from the track and headed west on Water street. The B. & O. engine turned over on the fireman's side and Engineer Lamb crawled out of his cab window. Neither engine was seriously damaged. Each was able to be taken to the shops on its own wheels.

The B. & O. and Wheeling & Lake Erie wrecking crews were called. The Wheeling & Lake Erie engine tender blocked the B. & O. right of way. This was removed at 10 o'clock in the evening and trains were sent over that road. The B. & O. engine was not removed from the Wheeling & Lake Erie track until 10 o'clock Friday morning.

The pilot of each engine was smashed to kindling. The woodwork was ground to fine pieces. The West Main street crossing was blocked over an hour after the accident because of the number of damaged cars in the Wheeling & Lake Erie freight. Seven drawbar heads were pulled out. As soon as the B. & O. sidetrack was cleared B. & O. trains were run and the Wheeling & Lake Erie used the B. & O. siding to send a few trains to the Pennsylvania junction, where the trains took the Pennsylvania to Orrville and were again switched to the Wheeling & Lake Erie track.

Engineer Lamb stated at Mt. Airy hospital that he had been with the B. & O. eleven years and this was his first accident. He left home Thursday morning. He relieved the Wheeling & Lake Erie crew and Targetkeeper Rodenberger of all blame.

Crowds gathered around the wreckage and the work of the wrecking crews was watched with interest Friday morning. The Wheeling & Lake Erie engine was one of the heavy type and the B. & O. engine was a light one. For this reason the B. & O. was trnned over and the Wheeling & Lake Erie remained on its wheels.

The Wheeling & Lake Erie engine was placed on a siding Friday morning and will be taken to the Norwalk shops. It was but slightly damaged and can be repaired in a week. The B. & O. engine was taken to the Lorain shops for heavy repairs. Several accidents have occurred at this crossing. It was about one year ago that a B. & O. freight ran into the eastbound Wheeling & Lake Erie morning passenger, in which accident Brakeman Hawley, of the passenger train, was killed.

RALPH VICKERY IN AN ACCIDENT

Left Ankle Broken in Street Car Collisiou.

FIVE OTHERS WERE INJURED.

One Foreigner Received Internal Injuries and was Taken to Mt. Airy Hospital—Collision Between Interurban and Work Train on C.-A. Line Friday.

Ralph Vickery, motorman on a work train of the Canton-Akron Railway Company, was brought to his home at 91 East Cherry street, at 11 o'clock Friday, with a fractured left ankle. The injury was recieved in a collision between the work train and car No. 16, one of the interurban cars. The accident happened between Navarre and Justus.

Conductor George Barnhart, of Canton, who had charge of the work car, received serious injuries of both ankles. He was also brought to Massillon at 11 o'clock, was given medical attention and was taken to his home on the 12:30 car. Three Hungarians, who were working on the work train, were bruised and one was injured internally. The latter was placed in the waiting room and given temporary attention and was taken to Mt. Airy hopsital in Hollinger & Hansen s ambulance at 12:30. It is feared that his injuries are serious. He was caught between the work car and a trailer, according to the story told after the men reached here. The other foreigners were cut and bruised but were able to walk.

The accident occurred on a curve and as yet the cause has not been made known. The work train was coming north to go upon a sidetrack. The interurban car was going south and the two met in a headend collision. No one had time to jump. The work car was badly damaged and the interurban car had its front end smashed in.

Vickery and Barnhart have had charge of the work train for several months. The interurban car was in charge of Motorman Charles Mowery and Conductor McLean, both of Canton. Motorman Mowery was cut about the face but not seriously injured. He brought the big car back to Massillon carrying the injured. Another car was sent from the car barns to take care of the passenger who occupied the interurban car. No passenger was seriously hurt. All of the men brought to Massillon were in the employ of the company.

Motorman Vickery was carried from the car on a stretcher and was taken to his home at once. Dr. Pumphrey was called and reduced the fracture. He said afterward that the fracture was a bad one and that Mr. Vickery's right ankle was also badly bruised. It appears that Mr. Vickery was pinned down by some weight across his feet. As he was being carried from the car he pluckily said: "Oh, I am not much hurt, just a fracture of the leg above the ankle." Dr. Pumphrey found that the fracture was located about three inches above the ankle. As soon as Dr. Pumphrey could attend to Mr. Vickery he returned to the waiting room and bandaged Conductor Barnhart's ankles and had him sent to his home in Canton. The most seriously injured seemed to be the Hungarian, who was taken to Mt. Airy. An examination there pointed to serious internal injuries. He was given medicine to deaden the intense pain.

The other foreign workmen, who came on the special car, were given attention by Dr. Pumphrey, and all will be able to return to work in a few days. Some of them were more frightened than injured. Even with their injuries their sympathy was all with the companion who lay on a bench in the waiting room suffering intense pain. After the pain had been lessened they gathered about him and consoled him as best they could in their native tongue.

PATIENTS HERE FROM CLEVELAND

One Hundred Placed in the Massillon State Hospital.

TRANSFER WAS MADE FRIDAY.

The Journey was a Quick One—Cleveland Hospital Crowded—Trustees Will Meet Next Week—Annual Reports Will be Examined.

One hundred patients from the Cleveland state hospital were brought to Massillon Friday and given places in the cottages at the Massillon state hopsital according to their classifications. The patients are not of the severe class but such that were easily cared for on the trip. The trip was made over the Pennsylvania by way of Alliance on a special train of five cars. The run was a fast one and only a little over two hours was required to cover the distance. The records of the run show that the actual running time was one hour and forty-five minutes.

Superintendent Howard and a number of attendants came on the trip to care for the patients. There was no disturbance on the journey and no confusion when the patients were transferred from the Pennsylvania to the street cars, which were in waiting. Preparations had been made at the Massillon hospital for the reception and within an hour after the arrival each patient had been assigned to pleasant quarters in one of the many beautiful cottages. The Cleveland attendants returned home in the evening.

The transfer was made necessary on account of the crowded condition of the Cleveland hospital, which is the center of a large district, embracing several counties along the lake and including the city of Cleveland. A transfer of eighty patients was made from the Cleveland to the Massillon hospital about a year and a half ago. At that time a new cottage was ready to be used by the new patients. At the present time no new cottage was ready and the patients were given places in apartments of the other cottages. A new cottage will be ready within a short time. It has been under construction for more than a year and is now nearly finished as far as construction is concerned. It is yet to be furnished and the authorities hope to have it ready for use by the first of the coming year.

There is a possibility that within the coming year more counties will be added to the Massillon hospital district. If this is done the Massillon hospital will need more cottages. As a matter of fact the present cottages are filled and the patients transferred from Cleveland will fill the new cottage, which is aimed to hold seventy. A large number of patients have been discharged during the past six weeks, more than at any other similar period, and this alone made it possible for the Massillon hospital authorities to accept the Cleveland patients at this time. Until recently it was expected that the patients would not be transferred until later in the winter.

The trustees will meet next Tuesday and will spend the time investigating reports from the several departments covering the work of the past year. The fiscal year ended November 15. The heads of all departments are now finishing the annual reports, all of which are submitted to Superintendent Eyman and examined by him and the trustees. The report is later sent to the governor and preserved by him as a state record. The trustees also make a short report of the work of the year. The report is ordered printed by the general assembly and the statistics gathered from this and other hospitals in the state are tabulated. The complete table of the expenses of all hospitals is furnished the finance committee of the general assembly and from it are gained facts that enter largely into the discussion of the net biennial appropriation. The showing made by the Massillon hospital during the past year is expected to be the best in the state. The large farm has cut the per capita cost several dollars below that of many of the state hospitals. The use of the switch from the Wheeling & Lake Erie tracks has alone saved about $15,000, which was formerly spent in part in hauling coal by wagons from the city. The switch cost about $30,000.

"Suffered day and night the torment of itching piles. Nothing helped me until I used Doan's Ointment. It cured me permanently."—Hon. John R Garrett, Mayor, Girard, Ala.

SPENT $12,000.

Expenditures of Township Trustees for Outdoor Relief.

Columbus, Nov. 17.—The October bulletin of charities and corrections, just issued, shows that the township trustees of Stark county expended a little more than $12,000 for outdoor relief during the year ending June 30, 1905. Stark is fifth among the counties in the disbursement of funds for this purpose. In detail the expenditures by townships were as follows:

Bethlehem, $296.46; Canton, $5,767.88; Jackson, $283.90; Lake, $134.43; Lawrence, $279.38; Lexington, $278.20; Nimishillen, $50.30; Osnaburg, $405; Paris, $237.12; Perry, $3,064.88; Pike, $58.89; Plain, $394.20; Sandy, $5.40; Sugarcreek, $185.50; Tuscarawas, $566.34; Washington, $152.05; total, $12,159.9.

GUILD HELPED SIXTY FAMILIES

Distribution of Garments Ended Friday Afternoon.

BLANKET SUPPLY RAN SHORT.

There was a Pretty Good Supply of Underwear and Many Small Articles—Only Six New Families Applied for Assistance at the Guild Room.

Between twelve and thirteen hundred articles were contributed to the Massillon branch of the Needlework Guild of America this year. The distribution was made this week at the Guild room, 113 Prospect street, which closed for the year at 5 o'clock Friday afternoon. Those in attendance at the room at various times during the week were the honorary president, Mrs. J. W. McClymonds; the president, Miss Helen Johnson; the secretary, Miss S. A. Corns; Miss Helen Hunt and Mrs. A. R. Chapman.

By a system which covers various collection centers under the supervision of a number of what are known as section presidents, the Guild collects new garments every year and distributes them to the poor of the city. Anyone who buys and contributes twenty-two garments has the privilege of saying to what people they are to go. The usual plan is for the Guild's officers to investigate all alleged needy cases and give out the articles accordingly.

The collection this year ran short of blankets on the third day of the distribution. There was a good supply of underwear, including stockings, and three or four outside garments, but the distributors found that the demand for large sized undergarments could not be met after the first day or two. There were plenty of small articles, such as handkerchiefs, towels, wash cloths, etc.

There were only six new applications for donations. The rest were cases which have been on the Guild's books for a number of years. In all, sixty families were given assistance. A donation was also made to the Rescue Mission and one to the Charity Rotch school. The latter consisted of forty-one wash cloths, fifty-six handkerchiefs and eleven towels.

PRINCE CHARLES IS KING.

Unanimously Elected by Norwegian Parliament Today.

Christiana, Nov. 18—(By Associated Press.)—The Norwegian parliament today unanimously elected Prince Charles of Denmark to be king of Norway. As this dispatch is filed the fortress is firing a royal salute of forty-two guns in honor of the new king.

BRITISH TARS DESERT.

Over a Thousand Have Left Warships at New York.

New York, Nov. 18.—(By Associated Press.)—Over one thousand sailors from the six British warships here are marked as deserters. The officers hope they have simply overstayed their shore leave.

DR. HAUGH GUILTY.

Verdict Holds Him Responsible for Three Murders.

Dayton, O., Nov. 18.—(By Associated Press.)—Coroner Kilne today rendered a verdict holding Dr. O. C. Haugh responsible for the murder of his father, mother and brother.

NIXON GUILTY OF MANSLAUGHTER.

Verdict Announced by Jury Saturday Morning.

CITY'S CASE AGAINST DIMMOCK

The Defendant's Lawyer Claims That Affidavits Were Defective—Mayor Has the Matter Under Advisement—Important Matters in Court Next Week.

Canton, Nov. 18—(Special.)—After deliberating over the evidence in the Nixon murder case for a period of twenty-two hours, at 8 o'clock Saturday morning the jury announced its verdict. They did not find the defendant guilty of murder in the first degree, as charged in the indictment returned by the grand jury, but deemed him guilty of manslaughter for the killing of Edward Henderson, on September 8 last. It is understood that some of the members of the jury wanted Nixon convicted of murder in the second degree, but those favoring manslaughter were in majority when the first ballot was taken and this verdict was finally reached. Very few persons aside from the attorneys and friends interested in the case were present when the jury returned their verdict. No motion for a new trial in the case was filed. The penalty for this offense is from one to twenty years in the penitentiary.

The attorneys for the defendant, Messrs. Craine and Snyder, say that when the state had submitted their case and before any testimony for the defense was submitted that Prosecutor Day was willing that Nixon be permitted to enter a plea of guilty to assault and battery, but this matter was left in the hands of the defendant himself, who preferred to go forward with the case.

General Manager Edwin S. Dimmock and John C. Welty, the chief counsel of the Canton-Akron Street Railway Company, appeared at the office of Mayor Smith Saturday morning to take part in the initial proceedings brought against the manager for violation of the provisions of city ordinances in regard to the running of street cars over certain city lines. As was noted previously, four affidavits had been prepared for the arrest of the manager for violations November 13 and 14, and before action could be taken in regard to these four, other affidavits covering the dates of November 15 and 16 were served upon him. Mr. Welty said that his client and himself had come in to care for the first four affidavits and declared that before Dimmock should enter a plea to either of them he desired to interpose a motion to quash the charges made in the affidavits. His claim was that they were defective and a number of reasons were set up for thinking so. The principal one of these was that the affidavit did not show that Dimmock had authority for establishing and maintaining schedules and that the affidavit is fatal in this respect. Welty also says that the affidavits claim that "on a certain day," when in fact it should be "during a certain day," etc.

Mr. Welty occupied over an hour in trying to detect flaws in the affidavits, saying as he did so that he did not desire to delay matters, but wanted the proceedings commenced right. City Solicitor Hughes contended that the affidavits drawn by him were regular in every respect and he was willing to go forward under them. At noon the mayor took the matter under advisement, saying that he would give his decision Monday at 1 o'clock.

There was no common pleas court in either room Saturday, an adjournment being had immediately after the verdict was returned in the Nixon case. A number of important matters will come before the court next week.

FIRE LOSS $250,000.

Big Blaze at Knoxville, Tenn., This Morning.

Knoxville, Tenn., Nov. 18.—(By Associated Press.)—A fire early this morning destroyed the building occupied as a clothing mamnufactory by Suttle & Beeler, the building of Broyles, McClellan & Lackey, wholesale agricultural implements, vehicles and seed house, and the International Harvester Company's wholesale implement and vehicle store. Slight damage was suffered by fire to other wholesale houses. The losses aggregate $250,000. Insurance, $150,000.

OHIO'S STRONG BOX.

Auditor's Report of Financial Condition of the State.

Columbus, Nov. 18.—Auditor of State Guilbert gave out a statement Thursday evening on the financial condition of the state at the close of the fiscal year, which ended on the 5th instant. It shows that Ohio's strong box contains a balance of almost three million dollars. The statement in detail is as follows, each fund showing an increase over the previous year:

Revenue fund—November 15, 1905, $2,268,895.78; November 15, 1904, $1,973,050.48; $295,845.30 increase.

Sinking fund—November 15, 1905 $375,792.65; November 15, 1904, $249,584.29; $108,388.36 increase.

School fund—November 15, 1905, $177,308.20; November 15, 1904, $178,507.55; $1,199.35 decrease.

University fund—November 15, 1905, $162,770.44; November 15, 1904, $125,876.62; $36,893.82 increase.

Total—November 15, 1905, $2,966,947.07; November 15, 1904, $2,527,018.94; $439,928.13 increase.

Outstanding warrants, $20,930.49; cash balance in treasury, $2,987,877.56.

The lawyers will be in the majority in the next legislature. There will be 54 of them, 41 in the House and 13 in the Senate. The farmers come next with 24, 19 in the House and 5 in the Senate. There are 10 merchants, 9 physicians, 8 editors and publishers, 3 manufacturers, 1 banker, 1 shipper, 2 insurance men, 2 oil operators, 2 accountants, 3 real estate men, 1 collector, 1 dentist, 1 fire chief, 1 dentist, 2 retired.

CHANCE FOR WOOSTER PLANT

Gas Can Now be Furnished the Glass Factory.

A LETTER FROM L. S. STOEHR.

He Says the Question of Securing Enough Boys to Run the Plant is a Serious One—Company Would Like to Operate Factory.

There is just a possibility that the Wooster glass factory, owned by the American Bottle Company, which owns the Reed and Pocock factories in Massillon, may be started up this season. There appears to be a chance but as yet nothing definite has come of the proposition.

The Mohican Oil and Gas Company, which recently piped gas to Wooster, has offered to supply the plant with gas. L. S. Stoehr, vice president and assistant general manager of the company, formerly of Massillon, now of Newark, has written to the Wooster parties interested that the question of securing enough boys to run the plant is a serions one. He writes as follows in answer to a letter written by Wooster parties:

Chicago, Ill., Nov. 16, 1905.

Mr. Charles E. Bair, Wooster, O.

Dear Sir—Your letter of the 14th inst., addressed to Mr. Frank Pocock, Massillon, O., has been referred to us for reply.

We are glad to note that you are in position to supply our Wooster plant with natural gas. Now if you could go just a little farther and guarantee us sufficient boy labor to enable us to operate this plant fully, we would then be in position to give the matter of starting this plant our serious consideration. However, we feel you are unable to do this, and until arrangements can be made whereby we can dispense with at least a large portio of the boy labor necessary to operate the plant, we will be unable to avail ourselves of your kind offer with reference to the gas.

We further wish to state that nothing would please us more than to have the Wooster plant in operation, b our effort last season to operate this plant cost us so much money that we do not care to repeat the experiment unless we are assured that sufficient boy labor at the same price we are paying at our other plants can be secured, to enable us to operate the Wooster plant in full.

We await your further pleasure, and in the meantime remain

Yours very truly,

THE AMERICAN BOTTLE CO.

L. S. Stoehr, V. P. and A. G. M.

Harsh physics react, weaken the bowels, cause chronic constipation. Doan's Regulets operate easily, tone the stomach, cure constipation. 25 ask your druggist for them.

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THE INDEPENDENT.

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MONDAY, NOVEMBER 20, 1905

The official totals and respective pluralities for the election have been compiled by the board of elections from returns from every precinct in the country and cities. The vote for representatives shows that Mr Welfley was elected by a plurality of 1 0 This should definitely settle a question regarding which for a short time there seemed to be grounds for dispute.

The coming bicentenary of the birth of Benjamin Franklin will be celebrated January 17, 1906, on a Saturday, although he was born on a Sunday. In the eyes of his puritanical contemporaries Franklin was a horrible example of the results of being born on the first day of the week. In some of those strict New England towns baptism might have been refused the infant Benjamin, for some of the severer Puritans held that a child born on Sunday was hopelessly unregenerate. Verily the world has moved and is moving.

The Ohio State Journal says: "It is expected that before the week is out Senators Dick and Foraker will have talked the matter over and the Ohio speakership will virtually have been decided."

Let's see. What counties do Senators Dick and Foraker represent in the legislature? We do not remember that they were elected members of that body. If the Republicans have a majority in the House, as now seems certain, why not accord them the privilege of electing the speaker and other officers? That is a part of their business and they will prove equal to it. Let us not so soon forget the significance of last Tuesday's election.—Toledo Blade.

And in the meantime let us not hold either Mr. Dick or Mr. Foraker responsible for a news item for which their actions probably afforded no possible grounds and for which they are in no way responsible. It is not likely that either of the gentlemen referred to have said or done anything to convey the impression that they desired to rudely snatch from members of the legislature the right of electing a speaker. The evil wrought by misrepresentation was not the least significant among the features of the recent campaign.

OHIO'S POLITICAL PAST.

Since the Republican party first placed a ticket in the field in Ohio, in 1853, the state has gone Democratic just eight times, says the Cleveland Leader. It was carried for Democratic candidates in 1862, when the disappointment felt on account of the slow progress made in the prosecution of the civil war caused a severe reaction from the Republican triumphs of 1860 and 1861.

In 1873 William Allen was elected governor by an extremely small plurality, as a consequence of the unsettled and menacing state of business. Panic conditions were bringing on the first pangs of hard times, which were to last five days longer, in varying degrees of intensity.

The following year the Democrats again carried Ohio, and after barely losing the elections of 1875 and 1876, when hard fighting by the Republican leaders and the strength of the hard money sentiment among the German Americans saved the day for the Republican party, there was another Democratic victory in 1877. Then R. M. Bishop was elected by the largest plurality any Democratic candidate ever received, from the formation of the Republican party until 1905.

After this the hard times were away and the state went Republican until 1882, when the liquor question came to the front, and in that year and the next the opposition to extreme temperance legislation gave the state to the party usually in the minority.

Another period of successive Republican victories ended in 1889 with the election of James E. Campbell over Joseph B. Foraker, a Democratic success which was mainly a manifestation of opposition to Foraker personally. It was by the third term cry, in large measure, that Campbell's election was brought about.

From 1889 to 1905 there was a series of Republican victories in Ohio. The margin was extremely small in 18 2 but it sufficed to hold the state in the Republican column. After that year there was no really close election, and from 1893 to 1904, including both of these years, the Republican pluralities were almost without exception extremely large.

The change from 1904 to 1905 has been the most remarkable in the later history of the state in its extent and character.

THE MASSILLON TIGERS

Top Row—Schr[illegible] Nutty, McFarland, Shiring, Kerchoffe, McChesney, Hoag, Clapper.
Second Row—Morton, Wellman (Capt.), J. Nesser, Wise (Mgr.), Sewart (Coach), Hayden, Riley, J. Nesser, Matthews.
Third Row—Featheringham, Millet, Burt, Merriam.
Fourth Row—Master Wittman.

SURPRISED THE EXPERTS

Fame of the Massillon Tigers is Far Reaching.

GREATEST GAME OF THE YEAR.

The Score of 8 to 4 Does Not Show the Superiority of the Tigers Over the Indians - The Cleveland Sports Were Crestfallen.

The defeat of the Carlisle Indians by the Massillon Tigers in Cleveland, Wednesday afternoon, by the score of 8 to 4, opened the eyes of the foot ball world of the United States. No one outside of the close vicinity of Massillon knew the strength of the Tigers and almost to a man the experts in foot ball picked the Indians easy winners. Even Cleveland experts claimed that the Indians would win after Massillon had reached that city.

The game was one of the greatest ever played. This was admitted after the game by all who witnessed the contest. The Indians said Wednesday evening that they had no idea that they were to meet so worthy an adversary.

There was considerable fumbling during the game on both sides, but Carlisle was the worst offender in this respect. Surprises were abundant. The Indians expected to run ends easily and were surprised to find that they could not gain by that play. Massillon expected to rush the line and was also surprised to find that the Indian line held well but that the Indian ends could be circled for five, ten and even twenty yards. For real, hard playing the contest was the best ever seen in Cleveland.

It was a flying tackle that put Hudson, the Indians' coach, out of the game at the start. He tried to stop Riley, who was flying around an end. As Riley saw Hudson he lowered his head and struck him full in the face. Hudson went down and out. Libbey took his place but later was replaced by Mt. Pleasant for his punting ability.

For the Indians Dubois, Pierce, Captain Bowen and Mt. Pleasant were the stars, with Albanez and Archiquette doing good work at times. Jude also put up a splendid game at right end, Massillon finding it impossible to gain around his end. Pierce and Dubois were the best ground gainers.

Massillon played a far better game than had been expected by Clevelanders. They had one of the best articles of interference ever seen on an Ohio field, while on their line bucks, they pursued a dragging, pulling, pushing system that rarely failed to gain a few yards, even after the runner had been tackled.

Despite their weight, the majority of the Tigers played faster than the redskins, who had been touted as the fastest in the country. Schrontz and Merriam, on the ends, were stars throughout the game and Carlisle tried wing plays in vain. They were also down under punts and kicks and Carlisle found herself practically unable to make any returns. Lang, Shiring, Kerchoffe and McNulty showed up well all the time as well, McNulty blocking a punt that practically gave the victory to the Tigers.

Every man in the Tiger backfield starred. Hayden outclassed the Carlisle backs in running punts, while Riley and Moran showed both strength and speed in advancing the ball, these two being used more than their teammates. In fact, Hayden depended upon this pair almost entirely at times. Riley's end runs were the features of the game.

Moran showed himself equally at home in smashing through the line or dashing through outside of tackle. And it was also he that gave Massillon its first two points by slinging Archiquette for a safety. He was worked so hard, however, that he was forced to retire before the end of the game.

J. Nesser started at right half for Massillon, but he gave way to Matthews at the start of the second half. Matthews is an Indian and it was a peculiarity of fate that he should be the one to score the touchdown against the Indians that sent them from town defeated.

But among the heroes of the game, the giant Kerchoffe should not be overlooked. Although weighing 230 pounds, and being able to smash up the Carlisle line almost at will, he also demonstrated that he had speed, and many a time he was down under a punt ready to throw back the Carlisle runner. In the first half he blocked one of Pierce's punts and in the second when McNulty blocked another, it was Kerchoffe that got the ball as it came down after bounding fifty feet in the air.

During the first half Massillon had things almost its own way. They advanced the ball twice as many yards as did Carlisle, but three times Carlisle held for downs. Whenever Carlisle had the ball it was either forced to punt or lost on a fumble. Finally came Hayden's try for a goal from field and Archiquette's safety, the score being 2 to 0 in favor of Massillon at the end of the first half.

In the second half Massillon got the ball on Carlisle's thirty yard line when Pierce's punt was blocked and aided by Carlisle's off side play, rushed the ball over for a touchdown. At this juncture Carlisle showed a great reversal of form and acquiring possession of the ball in about the middle of the field, rushed it to Massillon's ten yard line. Then Massillon held on two downs and Mt. Pleasant dropped back and kicked goal. Only seven minutes then remained for play and Massillon took a big brace and had the ball fifteen yards from Carlisle's goal when time was called.

Only two trick plays proved successful, Massillon executing the fake punt and double pass for an aggregate of forty yards.

The crowd was as large as had been expected under the weather conditions, there being 3,598 paid admissions, which with 100 complimentary admissions increased the total attendance to about 3,700. The Massillon rooters were massed on both sides while the Massillon band occupied seats at the south end of the field.

The opinions of the officials are as follows:

Referee George Gaston—"There was some good foot ball and some that was not so good. Considering the field, however, it was a pretty fair game. I was disappointed in the playing of the Indians, who nevertheless played gamely despite the disparity in weight. Massillon played faster than most persons thought they would."

Umpire Thompson—"I must compliment Massillon for the clean game it played. One expects rough tactics, with plenty of slugging, from an athletic club, but as far as I could see, there was no slugging whatever. Bad field for a foot ball game and play suffered in consequence."

The coaches after the game said:

Coach Stewart, Massillon—"Carlisle was heavier and better in advancing the ball on straight foot ball than I had expected. I looked in vain, however, for their much advertised trick plays. Massillon worked a couple successfully and I don't see why Carlisle did not try them, too. I was surprised to see our defense go to pieces as it did against the Indian attack in the middle of the second half. Trouble is that we have not had any opponents who could give us such a fight hitherto this season."

Coach Kinney, Carlisle—"With the field in such slippery condition there was absolutely no chance for scientific foot ball. Consequently we had to rely strictly on line bucks, and there Massillon's great advantage in weight told against us. The wet ball was largely responsible for the fumbling. Pierce's slowness in getting away his punts and Archiquette's blunder was what beat us, though. On a dry field we would have won in a walk."

Lineup and summary:

Carlisle—4.		Tigers—8.
Wahoo	LE	Schrontz
Bowen (c)	LT	McNulty
Dillon	LG	Kerchoffe
Hunt	C	Shiring
Scott-Exerdine	RG	McFarland-Haag
Pierce	RT	Lang
Jude	RE	Merriam-McChesney
Hudson-Libbey-Mt. Pleasant	QB	Hayden
Albanez	LH	Riley
Archiquette	RH	J. Nesser-Matthews
Dubois	FB	Moran-T. Nesser

Time of halves—25 and 35 minutes.
Referee—Gaston, of Washington and Jefferson.
Umpire—Thompson.
Head linesman—Morris, of W. R. U.
Assistants, Baltzly and LaRoque.
Timers—Coleman and Collister.
Touchdown, Matthews; placement kick, Mt. Pleasant; goal, Schrontz; safety, McFarland.

THE TRIP HOME.

All Towns Along the Road Heard the Tigers' Yell.

The first section of the Tiger special left the Wheeling & Lake Erie station in Ontario street at 7:30. It was well filled, but the majority of the fans waited for the section leaving at 8 p. m. This train, composed of eight coaches, was entirely filled. Considerable delay in getting out of Cleveland was experienced and not until 8:45 did the train depart from the Miles avenue station. The towns which were passed through were all given the rooters' entire repertoire of yells and it is safe to say the surrounding country knows more about the Tigers today than it ever did before. Each coach had its own group of entertainers. One venerable, gray haired gentleman was greatly worried if any one showed signs of drowsiness and did his part to keep the crowd awake. At Canton all hands were called on deck, but to the sorrow of the Tiger contingent no Canton people were awaiting their return. At Navarre the first section could be seen departing as the last pulled in. Then the brakeman went through the cars waking up those inclined to sleep.

The train stopped at Tremont street at 12:15 and with a last long yell all together the excursionists dispersed, the more enthusiastic to meet again down town.

EASTERN OHIO TEACHERS.

Annual Meeting at Canal Dover December 1 and 2.

Columbus, Nov. 16.—State School Commissioner E. A. Jones has received a copy of the programme for the thirty-fifth annual session of the Eastern Ohio Teachers' Association, to be held at Canal Dover on Friday and Saturday, December 1 and 2. Superintendent G. C. Maurer, of New Philadelphia, is president of the association. Mr. Jones is one of the speakers, his subject being "Literature in the Public Schools." The address of welcome will be by Superintendent F. P. Geger, of Canal Dover, and the response by Superintendent Wilson Hawkins, of Mingo Junction. Prof. Hugh F. Laughlin, of East Liverpool, will speak on music in the schools. Other speakers are as follows: "The Problem of High School Government," Superintendent J. L. McDonald, of Wellsville; "Schools and People of Foreign Lands," the Hon. O. T. Corson, of Columbus; "How to Improve the County Institute," Superintendent W. A. Forsythe, of Malvern; "The Enforcement of the Truant Law," Superintendent C. L. Cronebaugh, of Massillon; "A Teacher's Conscience," Miss Emma Moncrief, of Steubenville; "Literature in the Public Schools as a Means of Culture," President S. S. Fisher, of West Lafayette college.

The Canal Dover teachers will tender the members of the association a reception on the evening of the opening day.

MORE TROUBLE FOR DIMMOCK

Canton Officials are Watching His Actions.

ARE ACCUMULATING EVIDENCE.

The Night Service Has Been Shortened on the Canton-Akron Railway in Canton as Well as in Massillon.

Massillon is not the only place on the route of the Canton-Akron railway that is feeling the effects of the policy being carried out by General Manager Dimmock. It was about three weeks ago that the night service was considerably shortened in Massillon. Now the night service in Canton has been shortened about three-quarters of an hour. The last transfer in Massillon at the square is made at 10:30 and the last transfer in Canton is made at 10:36. The Canton public and officials have been taking a deep interest in the matter. The Repository says:

The members of the police force are still accumulating evidence to be used against General Manager Dimmock and the Canton-Akron Street Railway Company at the preliminary hearing Saturday morning.

Aside from keeping close tab on the running of all cars, the officers are calling at the different manufacturing establishments, especially those in the northeast and southwest ends of the city in search of workmen who have been discommoded by the irregular running of the cars. They have the names, residences and complaints of numerous persons, who say they are willing to give testimony in case they are needed.

At the Carnahan enameling works Lieutenant Wielandt secured a written statement from the secretary, in which the latter states that there has been much dissatisfaction among the company's employes on account of the way cars are run. He says that unless the matter is remedied new regulations will have to be adopted at their plant.

The street railway company is still experiencing trouble over the lines of the Tuscarawas Traction Company. Joseph Hirst, a resident of Midvale, foreman of the mines of the Dennison Mining Company, has commenced an action in the common pleas court at New Philadelphia, asking for damages in the sum of $5,000 on account of being ejected from a car when he refused to pay the new rate of fare a few weeks ago. This is the third suit for damages against the company on this account.

CORNERSTONE LAID.

Imposing Ceremonies at Canton Thursday Morning.

Canton, Nov. 16.—(Special.)—In the presence of Mrs. Ida McKinley, the board of trustees of the McKinley National Memorial Association, other prominent guests and citizens and school children of Canton, the cornerstone of the McKinley monument, the gift of the entire nation, was laid at 11 o'clock Thursday, with imposing ceremonies. Justice William R. Day presided. The programme was a short one. The ceremonies took place on what is known as Monument Hill and consisted of the following: Prayer, by the Rev. O. W. Holmes, pastor of the First Methodist church, attended by President McKinley during his lifetime, after which the Grand Army band played "America." A box, containing records, newspapers, and a list of the trustees was placed in a niche by Secretary Hartzell. The cornerstone was then brought into position and formally placed by Judge Day. After the band had played "Nearer My God to Thee," the assemblage dispersed.

Among those present were Vice President Fairbanks, Postmaster General George B. Cortelyou, Governor Myron T. Herrick, C. N. Bliss, [of New York, and a number of other prominent people.

ANTIELECTRIC ARMOR.

Protects Its Wearer From Shocks of Any Intensity.

The question at what strength an electric current becomes fatal is one of the mysteries of this remarkable force which have remained unsolved. Usually above 500 volts is supposed to be more than human life can support, but there have been many cases in which 100 volts and even under have killed. India rubber gloves are only a preventive up to a certain recognized point.

Herr Nicholas Artemieff, professor of the Electrical institute of Kiev, has

PROTECTED AGAINST SHOCK.

invented a costume whose security depends on the well known fact that metal is a better conductor than the human body. He envelops his person in a dress made of woven metal—a fine wire gauze, in fact—strong and durable, but so fine and supple that it will allow of any work being carried on while wearing it.

It can be worn either under or over the clothing, as our photograph shows, and which will also prove that the inventor has an absolute confidence in his own invention. At his demonstration he received a shock of 150,000 volts without feeling any inconvenience whatever, the shock passing through the metal garment.

The adoption of this dress by electricians has been firmly established at the works of Siemens & Halse, Charlottenburg, Germany, and it will soon be put on the market.

Hot Water Cures Spotted Fever.

Raphael Linfandi was recently discharged from the Newark (N. J.) hospital as cured, after being ill five weeks with cerebro spinal meningitis. The surgeons at the hospital believe that the hot bath treatment and the drawing away of pus from the spinal column as fast as it formed were the determining factors of the case. Linfandi was taken to the hospital on May 21 and for ten days was delirious. Several times a day the patient was subjected to hot baths. These seemed to relieve him, but the delirium and convulsions continued periodically. At length the surgeons began tapping the pus cells, and it is probably to this the greater credit can be given.

Cheese and Bread Ideal Diet.

"A proper mixture of soft, ripe cheese and bread with water contains everything which a human being requires in the way of food. Weight for weight, cheese is at least twice as nourishing as good meat, while it is far easier to take too much meat than it is to consume too much cheese," declares Otto Hehner, the well known analytical chemist and food expert. "Cheese is a far more useful food than nuts," adds Mr. Hehner, "because it is made from the best of all foods—namely, milk—and it is even better than milk in that in the process of ripening certain digestive changes occur which make the casein more digestible."

Diphtheria Antitoxin's Effectiveness.

Dr. J. Ibraham of Heidelberg and Professor Wesener of Aix la Chapelle, after several months of independent experiment with injections of diphtheria antitoxin as a preventive of diphtheria, have both reported strongly in favor of the treatment. They recommend that all children who have been exposed to diphtheria should immediately receive injections of antitoxin, from 200 to 400 units. Unfortunately the protection conferred by this treatment only lasts three or four weeks. In the rare cases when diphtheria occurs in spite of this treatment the cases are mild and easily controlled.

Cornstalk Paper.

Just common, ordinary cornstalks, $3,000,000 tons of which are allowed to rot yearly in the seven western states producing the greatest amount of corn, is the material from which, experimentally, an Iowa company has already produced excellent paper at a cost ranging from $24 to $23 per ton. The cost of manufacturing paper from wood pulp or rags is estimated at from $60 to $75 per ton.

The Banana a Real Food.

Professors of dietetics tell us that the banana is not, as so many fruits are, a flavor and nothing more, but a food and a source of real nutriment. It not only gratifies the palate, but supplies material for combustion and the maintenance of animal heat.

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PAST WEEK THE BEST

Investigation Included "the Big Guns" in Financial and Insurance World.

KNOWS NOTHING OF FATHER

Nichols Writes Depew in Regard to "Our Friend Who Comes Around Once a Year" and "Your Rambunctious Friend Up the River."

New York, Nov. 18.—With the end of the morning session Senator Armstrong's committee on insurance investigation finished a week that for strenuousness and importance has been eclipsed by no one week since the investigation was inaugurated. Besides being the week in which the most sessions have been held, the witnesses have been the most important, including "the big guns" in the financial world as well as in the insurance business. Early in the week James Hazen Hyde was examined and made charges against E. H. Harriman and former Governor Odell, who successively appeared and denied Mr. Hyde's statements, and Mr. Hyde being recalled affirmed his testimony. Then Senator Chauncey M. Depew was heard, and it was expected that before the day was over Senator Platt would be called. He is wanted to testify as to the collection of contributions to political campaign funds by the insurance companies, Mr. Odell having testified that Senator Platt collected all such moneys up to last year. It is now expected that the senator will be heard early next week, possibly on Tuesday, when the sessions will be resumed.

Frank B. Jordan, son of the former comptroller of the Equitable, who at a previous session said he did not know where his father was, or whether either his father or mother was living, was called again and said that he had received a letter from his mother, who was in Canada, since he first testified, but that she said nothing of his father. He could tell nothing as to the amount of fire insurance business he had done for the Equitable or why he got it, but is going to supply that information later.

Spent Money to Avoid Trouble.

Samuel S. McCurdy, assistant register of the Equitable and not related to the McCurdys of the Mutual Life, said he had charge of the vouchers for legal service. From him was gleaned a story of trouble in California in 1897, when the insurance commissioner of that state demanded an examination. Thousands of dollars were spent by the Equitable in this matter, as accounted by Mr. McCurdy, and he justified the expenditure on the ground that it would have cost the Equitable about $40,000 had no defense been made, hence the expenditure for counsel.

Senator Depew was called to give any information he might possess as to a number of vouchers for legal services, but his knowledge was rather limited, and many of the expenditures and signers of these vouchers he had never heard of.

One voucher to John A. Nichols for legal services was accompanied by a letter to Senator Depew referring to "our friend who comes around once a year" and "your rambunctious friend up the river." The senator said he knew Nichols had been retained at different times by the Equitable, but he did not know in what connection. Mr. Nichols, he said, was once insurance commissioner and used to be active in politics.

To Take Squire's Deposition.

Gage E. Tarbell was called just before recess and had hardly got started in his testimony when Senator Depew was called. When he resumed it was almost time for adjournment and Senator Armstrong announced that the sub-committee of Senator Tully and Assemblyman Cox would take the deposition of Mr. Squire at 2 o'clock, therefore no afternoon session would be held.

Mr. Tarbell told of his 26 years connection with the Equitable and his activities in the interest of the policyholders. He was opposed to money being spent for legislative purposes and thought the policyholders in a body could defeat any legislation inimical to their interests. He said he had tried to interest the New York Life and the Mutual Life in an agreement to appoint a committee of one to look after such matters, but the officers of the Mutual Life said it was impractical. Mr. Tarbell knew of no money expended for legislative purposes.

DEPEW'S TROUBLED LOOK.

Senator's Appearance on Stand Cuases Sympathetic Comment.

New York, Nov. 18.—The shadows of events in the insurance world have fallen none too kindly on Senator Chauncey M. Depew, whose appearance on the witness stand in the insurance investigation caused many sympathetic comments from friends.

The once kindly bright-faced senator, whose sunny, cheerful countenance betokened extreme good nature, wears the troubled look of a man broken in spirit and frame. Deep, heavy lines mark the eyes, which are now dull and strained. Senator Depew on the stand had none of the complacent, benign and unctious humor of other days; instead, he was serious and at times almost timorous when plied with questions by Mr. Hughes, counsel for the committee.

Senator Depew tapped his foot incessantly and drummed with his fingers on the arm of the chair while his tongue frequently played about his lips, as if to wet them, after the manner of old men.

Frequently in the pauses Senator Depew gave a quick glance at the audience and let it wander rapidly from the counsel to the committee and then fall almost inquiringly upon the reporters who sat nearby. His memory failed him many times on important matters.

BEGGED THEM TO GET OUT.

Former Director of Equitable Warned Hyde and Alexander of Fatal End.

Cincinnati, Nov. 18.—Melville E. Ingalls, chairman of the Big Four board, formerly a director in the Equitable Insurance company, said in an interview that he had begged Hyde and Alexander to get out long before the sensational disclosures in the New York investigation. He said:

MELVILLE E. INGALLS.

"My predictions have been like holy writ in this instance. I begged both Hyde and Alexander to get out months and months ago and save the company from the disgrace of these disclosures. The investigation had only been on a few days when I plainly saw how things must terminate.

"The Frick report was the fatal stroke. It sounded the knell of the old regime. Now, what we should do is to secure the enactment of laws which would put an end to this form of gambling insurance. I can call it by no more polite name. We must wipe out this system of deferred payments which create a large surplus. The line between a mutual insurance company and an insurance company run for the benefit of stockholders should be clearly defined by law and the law should be enforced. I cannot say too emphatically that we must do away with gambling insurance, the large surplus and the quasi mutual stock company."

PICKED UP IN INDIA.

Deaf and Dumb Orphan, Sent Here to Be Educated, Ordered Deported.

Boston, Nov. 18.—Brought all the way from India that she might be educated and later return to impart its benefit to others, Hooktie Weed, a 10-year-old deaf and dumb girl, who arrived on the steamship Canopic in charge of Missionary Elmer Burgess, was ordered deported. An appeal was made last night to the department of commerce and labor by Charles Myles of Pittsburg, who came here to get the girl.

The child is an orphan and has no known relatives. She was picked up in India after one of the terrible famines had swept over the country. The little one was taken care of by Miss Lillian Sprague, a missionary of the Pentecost church of America, which has a mission at Buldana, India. Miss Sprague appealed to the American Christians to find a way to bring the girl to the United States and educate her. The appeal came to the niece of Charles R. Myles of Pittsburg, a member of the Fourth Avenue Baptist church, who is himself a deaf mute, and he made arrangements to have the child sent to America.

If the appeal to the department of commerce and labor is of no avail it is said President Roosevelt will be asked to act in the child's behalf.

UNIQUE TRICK OF THIEF.

John Schmidt Enters Warehouse Locked in Packing Case.

New York, Nov. 18.—A thief who entered the Security Storage company's warehouse in an express package was caught as he was about to leave the warehouse, hidden in the same package, along with $700 worth of stolen goods. He climbed out of his package and after rifling the warehouse again repacked himself and his plunder.

When caught he said his name was John Schmidt and told the story of his robbery. In the afternoon about 4 o'clock two packing cases were taken to the company's warehouse at 212 Spring street. Schmidt was in one of them, which was fitted with spring locks so as to be opened from the inside. With him was a bottle of whisky, a set of burglers' tools and a dark lantern. The other box was used for packing his plunder.

Tunnel Under Detroit River.

Detroit, Nov. 18.—With the opening of a main shaft 50 feet long, 20 feet wide and 85 feet deep, just east of the Windsor depot, the Michigan Central railroad will, on Monday morning, begin the actual construction of the projected big tunnel under the Detroit river.

MIDDY TO BE TRIED

Meriwether to Face Charges in Connection With Midshipman Branch's Death.

THREE COUNTS ARE STIPULATED

Secretary Bonaparte Asks Public to Suspend Judgment Until the Accused's Testimony Has Been Heard. May Place Him in Better Light.

Annapolis, Md., Nov. 18.—Commander Adolph T. Marix, United States navy, judge advocate of the court martial which will try Midshipman Minor Meriwether, Jr., on the several charges connected with the death of Midshipman James R. Branch, was in Annapolis and caused to be served on Midshipman Meriwether a copy of the charges laid against him. Commander Marix conferred with Admiral Sands, superintendent of the academy, concerning the quarters for the court and other matters.

Midshipman Meriwether has had detailed as his counsel and was in close consultation most of the day with Lieutenant J. K. Robison, U. S. N. He is a brilliant and forceful officer and is thoroughly acquainted with military law and court martial proceedings. He said last night: "I hope the public will observe the injunction, contained in the last clause of Secretary Bonaparte's order in this matter, to reserve judgment until Meriwether's side is told. He has a side, and when it is presented the feeling toward him will not be harsh."

Three Charges Enumerated.

The charges are three in number and there is one specification in the first and third charge and two under the second. The first charge is the most serious one, that of manslaughter. The specification is that "Midshipman Minor Meriwether, Jr., did unlawfully engage in a fight with Midshipman James R. Branch, and did unlawfully strike with his fist the said Midshipman Branch, inflicting injuries from the effect of which the said Midshipman Branch died."

The second charge is the violation of the third clause of the eighth article for the government of the navy, which provides that no one in the naval service "shall quarrel with, strike, assault or use provoking or reproachful words, gestures or menaces towards any person in the navy."

Called Branch Sneak and Coward.

The first specification under this charge is that Meriwether called Branch a "sneak" and a "coward." The second is that he assaulted Branch.

The third and final charge is that of "conduct to the prejudice of good order and discipline" under the general regulations. The specification is that Meriwether engaged in a fight with Branch.

It is within the power of the court to find Meriwether guilty of any or all of the specifications and charges, or it may find him guilty of certain specifications and not guilty of the accompanying charge, should they believe the facts to be as stated, but not to constitute the charge.

The maximum penalty provided for the first charge is dismissal and 10 years confinement in the penitentiary; that for the second and third, dismissal. In each case the court has the authority to provide any punishment that it may see fit less than the maximum. If Meriwether is found guilty on all three charges it would be within the power of the court to punish him by demerits, confinement at the naval academy or in some other manner.

WAS GO BETWEEN.

Millionaire's Son Used by Senator and Brokerage Company.

St. Louis, Nov. 18.—Richard H. Kastor, a son of H. W. Kastor, a millionaire, was arrested here by a deputy United States marshal on an indictment returned by a federal grand jury charging Kastor with conducting a scheme to defraud in connection with the Merchants Brokerage and Commission company of St Louis.

The postoffice inspectors allege that Kastor acted between the Merchants Brokerage Commission company and a United States senator; that the company paid Kastor to prevent the issuance of a postal fraud order against it, and that Kastor worked through the United States senator.

LAST BODY IS TAKEN OUT.

Recovery of Men Killed in Mine Disaster Is Grewsome Task.

Washington, Pa., Nov. 18.—The last body has been taken from the fatal Braznell mine shaft at Bentleyville. Not till after midnight had the pumps reduced the water sufficiently to make it possible to reach any of the bodies.

Some of the seven were little mutilated, but others were dismembered, and pieces of their bodies, a hand, a heart, or leg were found here and there in the cribbing, making it a grewsome task to recover the remains. It is not possible yet to identified all the remains.

Flyer Ran Into Its Helper.

Scranton, Nov. 18.—The Erie flyer ran into its "helper" engine in the Carbondale yard last evening and injured a dozen persons aboard the flyer.

DUN'S REVIEW OF TRADE

Summary of Business Conditions Throughout the Country.

New York, Nov. 18.—Dun's weekly review of trade says today: A temporary flurry in the money market had little deleterious effect in commercial channels, most reports indicating a further increase in the volume of business. Orders come forward are all for distant delivery and buyers experience much difficulty in making purchases for quick shipment. Wholesale trade in holiday goods is now well under way and retail distribution of seasonable merchandise responds to the generally lower temperature.

There is still some delay in mercantile collections, especially at the south, where cotton is not being marketed freely, and to a less degree in grain regions, because traffic facilities are not adequate, but the majority of reports indicate that payments are more prompt in spite of the higher money rates. Manufacturing plans have scarcely a drawback, except scarcity of labor in a few instances and small strikes that interrupt structural work to some extent.

Textile mills and shoe factories make almost satisfactory exhibits. Traffic conditions have improved and railway earnings for the first week of November were 4.9 per cent larger than in the corresponding time last year, while the official statement offering in commerce for the month of October showed a very large increase in the aggregate, and at this port for the last week exports gained $3,933,028 in comparison with 1904, while imports decreased $1,160,047.

Failures this week numbered 240 in the United States, against 217 last year, and 42 in Canada, compared with 27 a year ago.

WANT SHORTER HOURS.

Subject Was Considered Before Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers.

Cleveland, Nov. 18.—The Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers, in secret session here, considered plans for reducing the hours of labor for members of the order. The sentiment prevailed that the hours of locomotive engineers are, at times, unreasonably long, and that there should be such an adjustment of time limitations as would relieve the engineers of long strains at their posts of duty.

Those who discussed the question were of the opinion that the job of an engineer was a nerve-racking one and one that as years advance cause many men to retire completely broken down. It is probable that at the biennial convention to be held at Memphis next May steps will be taken to inaugurate a campaign of legislation providing for better hours for engineers.

NEVER RECOGNIZED UNION.

Reason Given by Miners' Officials Why Agreement Is Unacceptable.

Hazleton, Pa., Nov. 18.—W. H. Dettrey, president of the United Mine Workers of this district and secretary of the anthracite conciliation board, replies to the statement of President Connell of the conciliation board that the miners in their convention in Shamokin take up the question of continuing the award of the strike commission. Mr. Dettrey said: "Without recognition of the union, renewal of the three-year agreement between the miners and operators will be unacceptable to the former."

He also said that owing to the refusal of the operators to treat directly with officials of the union in the settlement of trouble at the mines, capital and labor in the anthracite region were as far apart as ever. "The operators of the anthracite region," he continued, "even those who are members of the conciliation board and who are expected to adopt a pacific attitude, have been hostile towards the miners' union during the past three years despite the recorded prayer of the anthracite strike commission that the truce would conduce to a better feeling."

33 VOTES MISPLACED.

In Sullivan's District Were Taken from Hearst and Given to Another.

New York, Nov. 18.—Alderman Timothy P. Sullivan, Tammany leader of the sixth assembly district, appeared before the board of canvassers when it came time to examine the tally sheets of his district. He said he feared no errors would be found; that he would fight all protests. The first sheet examined showed that Hearst had not been credited with 33 votes which were cast for him. In the third election district the returns of election night showed no vote for Hearst and 33 for Crawford, the Prohibition candidate, but the tally sheets showed that those votes were cast for Hearst, while the Prohibition candidate received none.

It was announced by counsel for William R. Hearst that an application would be made to the supreme court either on Monday or Tuesday of next week for an order to have the ballot boxes opened and counted.

Jury Finally Secured.

Youngstown, O., Nov. 18.—After a contest lasting four days and the examination of nearly 400 persons called as jurors, a jury has been secured in the case of James Harbison, indicted for murder in the first degree for the killing of Louis Bergman, whom he caught in the apartments of his wife.

Three Men Run Down by Train.

Vandergrift, Pa., Nov. 18.—James Artman, aged 65 years, of Leechburg, and Martin Doyle and Steven Carlopsi were struck by a freight train at West Leechburg. Carlopsi was instantly killed, while the others will probably die from their injuries.

QUICK END OF STRIKE

Large Portion of Workingmen Are Breaking Away From the Leaders.

PLEA OF WIVES HAD EFFECT

Last Ditch Faction Were Causing the Defection—Emperor in Favor of Martial Law in St. Petersburg Against Count Witte's Protest.

St. Petersburg, Nov. 18.—Though according to surface indications the outlook for the speedy ending of the strike was gloomy, the revelations made at a meeting last night of the council of workmen's delegates showed that a large portion of the workmen were breaking loose from the control of the leaders and were anxious to return to work, and a plebiscite which will be taken today in the various factories probably will result in a decision to abandon the strike on Monday. At the meeting of the council, which was held in the same hall where Father Capon, Maxim Gorky and other leaders denounced the emperor on the eve of Jan. 22 ("Red Sunday"), delegate after delegate from different factories arose and reported that the workmen, under the influence of the ultimatum issued by the employers announcing that the factories would be shut down indefinitely unless work was resumed on Monday, and with the pleading of their wives and of the conservative workmen ringing in their ears, were demanding that the strike should be ended.

This precipitated a hotly contested debate between the moderates, who declared that the strike in the first instance was a strategical mistake and that the last ditch faction, especially the unattached delegates who are members of the council by virtue of their membership in Socialist organizations) were causing the defections. One fiery speaker, who in order to be better seen and heard mounted the balcony from which Father Capon in disguise had delivered his last address in the hall, thundered his denunciation of those who wished to discontinue the struggle.

In some quarters the belief is expressed that martial law will be proclaimed in St. Petersburg today. It is said that the emperor and grand dukes insist on this step against the counsels of Count Witte.

The employers during the day finally informed the workmen that they had decided against an eight-hour day.

There was an unprecedented run on the savings banks. Some of them were unable to meet the demand immediately.

ATTEMPT AT BLACKMAIL.

Clerk Accused of Stealing Letters of Armour & Co. Under Arrest.

Chicago, Nov. 18.—William S. McSwain and William Cole, his brother-in-law, have been arrested charged with attempting to blackmail J. Ogden Armour and other members of Armour & Co. for $40,000 in connection with the beef trust investigation by means of letters which they are alleged to have stolen from the files of Armour & Co.

McSwain was employed by Armour & Co. for four years as a stenographer. Since the recent beef investigation was begun, it was charged, McSwain has taken letters from the files of the concern. Three weeks ago McSwain went to Armour and threatened to turn the letters over to the federal officers unless Armour paid $40,000. Mr. Armour refused to listen to the proposal. McSwain made similar demands on other officers of Armour & Co.

With the hope of leading McSwain and his companion into a trap, several meetings were held between McSwain and Attorney Rosenthal of the packing company. "At each of these meetings," said Mr. Rosenthal, "the sum was gradually reduced until McSwain agreed to give up the letters for $15,000. A meeting was arranged with him at the Auditorium hotel, where it was agreed $10,000 should be paid him on the delivery of the letters and $5,000 a week later." When McSwain and Cole appeared at the hotel they were arrested by detectives.

Fail to Trace Suspect.

Middletown, N. Y., Nov. 18.—All efforts to trace Charles Rogers, suspected of the murder of the Olney brothers, who was reported to be hiding in Pike county, Pa., have failed. The officers sent in pursuit of Rogers have returned here after an all-night search in the mountains. A tramp suspected of being the fugitive was arrested at Honesdale, Pa., but was released.

Made Attack on British Flag.

New York, Nov. 18.—An attempt to haul down the British flag was made by longshoremen at the Cunard line dock, where Price Louis's flagship, the Drake, is anchored. The flag attacked was not on the warship, but floated over the dock in honor of the British gutsts. The longshoremen were fought off by a dozen policemen, who saved the emblem from violence.

Prairie Fire Causes $500,000 Loss.

Aberdeen, S. D., Nov. 18.—The loss in live stock, grain and hay and farm buildings on account of Wednesday's prairie fire is estimated at half a million dollars.

The Cause of Many Sudden Deaths.

There is a disease prevailing in this country most dangerous because so deceptive. Many sudden deaths are caused by it—heart disease, pneumonia, heart failure or apoplexy are often the result of kidney disease. If kidney trouble is allowed to advance the kidney-poisoned blood will attack the vital organs, causing catarrh of the bladder, or the kidneys themselves break down and waste away cell by cell.

Bladder troubles almost always result from a derangement of the kidneys and a cure is obtained quickest by a proper treatment of the kidneys. If you are feeling badly you can make no mistake by taking Dr. Kilmer's **Swamp-Root**, the great kidney, liver and bladder remedy.

It corrects inability to hold urine and scalding pain in passing it, and overcomes the unpleasant necessity of being compelled to go often through the day, and to get up many times during the night. The mild and the extraordinary effect of Swamp-Root is soon realized. It stands the highest for its wonderful cures of the most distressing cases.

Swamp-Root is pleasant to take and is sold by all druggists in fifty-cent and one dollar size bottles. You may have a sample bottle of this wonderful new discovery and a book that tells all about it, both sent free by mail. Address, Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y. When writing mention reading this generous offer in this paper. Don't make any mistake, but remember the name, Swamp-Root, Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, and the address, Binghamton, N. Y., on every bottle.

MASSILLON MARKET.

The following are the retail prices today in Massillon. This report is corrected daily

Country butter, per lb.	26
Creamery butter	28
Eggs, per dozen	28
Chickens spring, lb dressed	16
New Cabbage, per head	8 10
Lettuce, per lb.	12
Onions, per peck	7
Potatoes, per bushel	75

Dealers Pay for Country Produce:

Country butter, per lb.	20 22
Eggs, per doz.	25
Chickens, live per lb	9
Chickens spring, dressed	2
Chickens, dressed	2
Potatoes per bushel	65

GRAIN MARKETS

Following are the paying prices

Wheat	83
Oats	29 [illegible]
Corn	55

Following are the selling prices

Hay, baled, per hundred	60
Straw, per hundred	50
Shelled corn, per bushel	75
Oats, per bushel	85
Corn	5
Potatoes per bu.	$0-$8

ACT QUICKLY

Delay Has Been Dangerous in Massillon.

Do the right thing at the right time.
Act quickly in times of danger.
Backache is kidney danger.
Doan's Kidney Pills act quickly
Cure all distressing, dangerous kidney ills.

Plenty of evidence to prove this

N. Youngblood, molder, living at 76 3rd street, Massillon, says: "For years I suffered from aching across the small of my back. It was at times very severe, especially when stooping or lifting, and whenever I caught cold it aggravated the pain. My wife used Doan's Kidney Pills and they relieved her in a short time. This convinced me that they were a good remedy and I got them for myself at Baltzly's drug store. They did the same for me as they did for my wife. The first dose helped and a continuation of the treatment relieved the backache and strengthened the kidneys."

For sale by all dealers; price 50 cents. Foster Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the United States.

Remember the name Doan's and take no other.

A healthy man is a king in his own right; an unhealthy man is an unhappy slave. Burdock Blood Bitters builds up sound health—keeps you well.

After Miners and Laborers.

Wilkesbarre, Nov. 18.—The western bituminous coal operators have agents in the Wyoming valley who are making an effort to secure 5,000 or more anthracite miners and laborers. The men are wanted to go to Michigan and the middle district of West Virginia. From present indications there are no idle miners in this valley.

New Viceroy of India Arrives.

Bombay, Nov. 18.—The earl of Minto, the new viceroy of India, formerly governor general of Canada, has arrived here.

Accidents will happen, but the best-regulated families keep Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil for such emergencies. It subdues the pains and heals the hurt.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®
NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

LOCAL HAPPENINGS.

Discovered this Week by Independent Investigators.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Alden are visiting relatives in New Philadelphia.

Two Akron saloonkeepers were fined $100 and costs each for keeping their business places open last Sunday.

Dr. I. N. Meyers, of Maples, Ind., is the guest of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. S. L. Meyers, in West Main street.

Mrs. Laura Keller will entertain the Rathbone social club, at her home in South Mill street, on Tuesday afternoon, November 21.

Miss Grace Tanner, Miss Marian Moncrief and Mrs. Harry Hall, of Orrville, are guests of Miss Anna Shorb, in West Tremont street.

The Clow Company, of Newcomerstown, is asking the village for $10,000 for which it promises to double the capacity of its pipe plant.

Mrs. William M. Reed left Thursday morning for New Hartford, N. Y., to be the guest of her mother, Mrs. L. W. McFarland, who is now convalescent after a serious illness.

The funeral of Martin Shoup, who died suddenly at his home near Wilmot on Tuesday, will be held from his late home at 9:30 Friday morning. Services will be held later at the Mennonite church, between Wilmot and Winesburg.

Joseph Hirst, of New Philadelphia, asks for damages in the sum of $5,000 in a suit filed against the Tuscarawas Traction Company. He was put off a car for refusal to pay excess fare and walked from the corporation line to Uhrichsville.

Mrs. Ura L. Sharpnack, the oldest woman in Salem, with one exception, is dead at the age of 91. She was born in New Jersey, but came to Salem with her parents eighty-five years ago, the family traveling over the mountains by wagon.

Mrs. Frances A. Foster and Mr. Justin White were married at St. Timothy's rectory by the Rev. E. J. Craft Thursday evening. They were accompanied by Mrs. Joseph Wisdom and Miss Wisdom. Mr. and Mrs. White will live in Massillon. Mr. White is located in the law office of R. A. Pinn.

The re-election of State Treasurer W. S. McKinnon means that Captain John W. Barnaby, of Canton, bookkeeper in that office, will hold his place for three years longer. While he makes his home in Columbus, Captain Barnaby retains his voting residence in Canton, returning there at each election.

The Knights of Columbus will give a play, "The Parish Priest," in the Armory some time in January. Those in the cast will include Don Stroupe, Jerome F. Shepley, Harry Richeimer, Dr. F. B. Williamson, R. Harrison, J. J. Donahue and the Misses Nellie Gribble, Estella Segner and Agnes Hoch.

Fourteen pupils in music of Miss Adalene Volkmor assisted by Miss Volkmor and Harry H. Snyder, gave a recital at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Snyder, in South Erie street, Friday evening. One hundred guests were present. Miss Volkmor is a graduate of Chicago university and the work of her pupils was pleasing to all present.

Captain Taggart, by virtue of his position as senior officer at the Columbus barracks, has been placed at the head of the school for officers which was recently established at the post. Captain Taggart states that he will bring his children to Columbus as soon as the question of a new trial of his divorce case has been decided by the court.

John J. Hostettler and John McCormick left Friday night with a party of drillers for Colorado, where they have large contracts for drilling test holes for coal. Messrs. Hostettler and McCormick are both experts in testing coal land and are among the most prominent drillers in the vicinity. They purchased two complete drilling outfits from the Edward Christman Company and have an up-to-date equipment.

The funeral of the late Isaac Weirich was held at 11 o'clock Thursday from the home of Mr. and Mrs. F. A. Brown, in East Oak street, the Rev. E. J. Craft officiating. A quartette, consisting of Mrs. C. F. Porter, Mrs. F. W. Arnold, Don Stroupe and the Rev. Mr. Craft, furnished the music. The pall bearers were H. H. Everhard, Melville Everhard, S. R. Weirich, F. A. Brown, T. H. Focke and T. A. Howard. The deceased's friends attended the services at the late residence but burial in the Massillon cemetery was private.

Five hundred pounds of dynamite exploded on the farm of Thomas Hornbeck, near Marysville, Friday. No one was killed or injured, although Frank Martin had a narrow escape. The dynamite had been left on a box near the creek for blasting stone and was placed on top of the stone crusher and Martin, in passing the crusher with a wagon, accidentally struck the crusher, which jarred the dynamite, causing it to explode. The concussion was heard for thirty miles and chimneys were thrown from many houses in the vicinity of the explosion. Many windows were also broken.

COURT ASSIGNMENTS.

Cases to be Heard During the Coming Week.

Canton, Nov. 17.—Court assignments for the coming week were completed Thursday by Judges Harter and Ambler and Deputy Clerk of Courts Agler. The assignments for both rooms of common pleas follow:

ROOM 1—JUDGE HARTER.

Monday, November 20—Motions; Newcastle Asphalt Company vs city of Alliance; Correll vs Bush; Walker vs Canton-Akron Railway Company; Dennis & Dickey vs Pennsylvania Company.

Tuesday—Little's administrator vs C. T. & V. Railroad Company; Harlan vs city of Canton; Strasser's administrator vs C. T. & V. Railroad Company; Clark vs Wheeling & Lake Erie Railroad Company; Paul vs Shrader.

Wednesday—Stark Electric Railway Company; George vs Canton; Moore vs L. E. & A. Railroad Company; Bothwell et al vs McQuate et al; Ohio-Judd vs Doubledee.

Thursday—Ohio-Ehret vs Brady; Dettmer vs Harter et al; Mayers vs Alger; Stamp vs Weir; Hossler vs Seeman et al.

Friday—Martin vs Bower; Summer vs Summer et al, McMiller vs city of Canton; Russell vs Lane; Burgunder Bros. vs Bloomberg et al; Conrad vs N. W. Mutual Life Insurance Company.

ROOM 2—JUDGE AMBLER.

Monday, November 20—Motions; Lehman vs Whitacre; McGinnes vs Massillon Coal Mining Company; Pike vs Wagner; Schwarz vs Dayton.

Tuesday—Knight vs Stark Electric Railway Company; Rosser vs Russell Engine Company; Eistein Brothers vs Bobrof et al; Nototi's administrator vs Canton-Akron Railway Company; Neal vs Harter Milling Company.

Wednesday—Bonnot vs Menega; Guella's administrator vs Steiner Coal Compan; Hartun vs H. L. Hurst Manufacturing Company; Spragne Canning Machine Company vs Pontius; Hauser vs Sibila's executor; Upham vs U. C. T. of A.

Thursday—Dudley vs Berger; Ewing vs city of Alliance; Hein vs American Steel Foundaries Company; Hay vs Hay; Meyers vs Watson.

Friday — Cholley vs Chevreaux; Schneider vs Bast; El Dorado Jewelry Company vs Thurin; Lane vs Fogg; Biechele vs West End Notion Company; Mutual Life Insurance Company vs Wefler; Robinson & Company vs Young; White's administrator vs Diamond Portland Cement Company.

RECONCILIATION? NEVER!

So Says Mrs. Taggart—Captain Said to Feel Otherwise.

Wooster, O., Nov. 18.—"I am resolved that he shall never take the boys from me," were the closing words of an interview with Mrs. Grace Taggart, recently divorced from Captain E. F. Taggart, Friday afternoon. She was visited at her home and asked as to the truth of a reported reconciliation.

She declared that all ties between herself and Captain Taggart had been forever severed, that there was positively no truth in the reports of a reconciliation, although Captain Taggart doubtless would be willing if she would take him back. She said that it was her belief that Captain Taggart did not want the boys; at least he had always let her bear the burden of their care and that he only wanted their control so as to annoy her.

PUTMAN—WILLIAMSON.

The Bride a Resident of Wilmot —Wedding at Nelly.

Miss Opal B. Putman, daughter of Attorney and Mrs. W. S. Putman, of Wilmot, and the Rev. Huber B. Williamson, were married Wednesday evening at the home of the officiating minister, the Rev. Mr. Baker, of Nelly, Coshocton county. The newly married pair will live at McZena, Ashland county, where the groom is pastor of the Evangelical church.

OBITUARY.

MISS LULU CARTER.

Miss Lulu Carter, aged 32 years, died at the state hospital Thursday, of organic brain disease. The deceased was admitted from Wayne county and the body was sent to Orrville for interment.

MRS. MAGDELENE YORDY.

Mrs. Magdelene Yordy, aged 89 years, died at the home of her son, north of the city limits in Akron street, Friday morning at 5 o'clock, from the infirmities of old age. The funeral will be held Sunday afternoon but further arrangements have not been made. The deceased was a member of St. John's Evangelical church.

Fortunate Father and Son

I am as certain as I now live, says Mr. C. E Bartholomew, Kalkaska, Mich., that Dr. David Kennedy's Favorite Remedy, of Rondout, N. Y., saved my life when I was a victim of that terrible disorder—Bright's disease My son had a fever sore on his leg; he too used Favorite Remedy and is now well. All druggists $1.00; 6 bottles $5.00.

OFFICIAL VOTE IS MADE PUBLIC

Mayor Bell is Defeated by 109 Votes by Welker.

KNOBLOCH HAS LARGEST VOTE.

Herrick Carried the County by 1,389—Republicans Carried Every Office, Although Some Majorities are Small

The official vote of Stark county has been given out by the board of supervisors of election. The totals show that Mayor Bell was defeated for representative by 109 by Representative Welker. Harry Knobloch, candidate for county treasurer, received the largest vote in the county. The pluralities are as follows:

	Total.	Plurality.
FOR GOVERNOR.		
Herrick	11,390	—1389
Pattison	10,001	
LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR.		
Harris	11,754	—2781
Houck	8,973	
TREASURER.		
McKinnon	11,832	—3066
Mason	8,766	
ATTORNEY GENERAL.		
Ellis	11,625	—2456
Rice	9,169	
SUPREME JUDGE.		
Davis	12,853	—4113
Mathers	8,741	
BOARD PUBLIC WORKS.		
Kirtley	11,787	—3097
McGovern	8,708	
COMMON PLEAS JUDGE.		
Ambler	12,292	—3799
Braucher	8,493	
SENATOR.		
Pollock	10,708	— 420
Pomerene	10,288	
REPRESENTATIVES.		
Hoiles	10,603	—1025
Welker	10,265	— 109
Bell	10,156	
Haubold	9,578	
PROBATE JUDGE.		
Bow	12,564	—4399
Reigner	8,165	
SHERIFF.		
Wilson	12,349	—3901
Palmer	8,448	
COMMISSIONER.		
Burnheimer	12,283	—1947
Starkey	9,336	
TREASURER.		
Knobloch	12,825	—4,734
Coy	8,091	
PROSECUTOR.		
Upham	11,918	—2824
Bordner	9,094	
INFIRMARY DIRECTOR.		
Smith	11,714	—2603
Osborne	9,111	
CORONER.		
March	10,873	— 862
Walker	10,011	

The Vigorous Man is a Leader of Men

The Mental, Moral or Physical Wreck Has No Place in the Business World.

DR. A. W. CHASE'S NERVE PILLS

The man who hesitates, whose eye is dull, whose step is slow, whose mind is sluggish, whose hands tremble, is not the man whom an employer seeks It is the bright man, the man with the clear eye and brain, the active man, full of energy, life and vigor, whose very manner and presence breeds success that is sought for and snapped up as soon as seen, and it seems almost pitiful that the first class, victims of excess of some sort, should exist, when it needs but a thorough course of Dr. A. W. Chase's Nerve Pills to round them into the old-time feeling of physical, intellectual and manly vigor again.

Mr. Fred Hoyt of No. 721 6th Ave., New Brighton, Pa., says:

"I used to have a hand so steady I could write the Lord's prayer on a twenty-five cent piece—then as a result of overwork and overstrain my eyes gave out and my hands and nerves generally became trembly I was restless and could not sleep. I certainly was in bad shape and lost my ability to write—could just scrawl. I heard of Dr. A. W. Chase's Nerve Pills and got some and they took hold immediately. I began to sleep—gain strength—my nerves grew steady—and my eyesight improved greatly. Today I feel finely and can again write as well as ever, and that means a very steady nerve." 50c a box at dealers or Dr. A. W. Chase Medicine Company, Buffalo, N. Y. Portrait and signature of A. W. Chase, M. D., on every package. For sale by E. S Craig, Druggist, Massillon, O.

Irish Village.

The old Ryder residence, in North East street, will take on the appearance of an Irish village Thursday evening, November 23. This movement was put on for the benefit of the Presbyterian church, the same as was given in this city about three years ago. The house will resemble an Irish village in every detail. During the evening Irish songs and dances will be presented by some of the best talent in the city. Everybody is invited to come as the committee has made ample arrangements to accomodate a large number of people. Refreshments will be served.

NEARBY TOWNS.

NAVARRE.

Navarre, Nov. 17.—The Ladies' Aid Society of St. Paul's Evangelical church met at the home of the society's president, Mrs. J. Hodgson, Thursday afternoon. Thirty members were present. The ladies told their experiences in earning dimes for the society, all sorts of methods having been adopted. One member baked cake and pies. Another sold pop corn. A third dug potatoes and a fourth helped to haul corn fodder. The story which brought down the house was that of a member who ran upstairs to get her husband a clean handkerchief and made him pay for the service. When the experience meeting was over Mrs. Hodgson served tea in the English fashion, with accompaniments of bread and butter and fruit cake. The tea service was an heirloom more than one hundred years old. The financial result of the pleasant gathering was $5.

CANAL FULTON.

Canal Fulton, Nov. 18.—Andrew Holzbach is spending the week visiting at Massillon, Akron and Warren. Mr. Holbzach says there is no place like Massillon. He lived there many years, and finds no place just as much like home.

Mrs. Will Rohn, of Massillon, spent several days last week at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Harvey Hardgrove. Mrs. Hardgrove is slowly recovering from the stroke of paralysis she sustained several weeks ago.

John Smith, of New Berlin, was a visitor in town last week, during which time he met a number of former acquaintances, among who were Daniel Harmon, S. C. Bliler, Ed Nichter and C. M. Shafer.

Mrs. N. D. Beach, of Cincinnati, arrived here Saturday, and is a visitor at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Harry Simmonds.

Mrs. J. N. Kittinger entertained a company of friends at her pleasant home in West High street, Tuesday evening, with a 6 o'clock dinner. The guests were: Mrs. Adam Kurtz, Mrs. W. E. Moulton, Mrs. Harriet Moulton, Mrs. S. G. Ott, Mrs. W. E. Young, Mrs. Logan Porter, Mrs. D. K. Jones, Mrs. M. I. Stock, Mrs. J. H. Focht, Mrs. A. W. Kittinger, Mrs. H. A. Fisher, Mrs. B. B. Rayl, Mrs. Homer Moke, Mrs. O. F. Keller, Mrs. Frank Kittinger, Mrs. Frank Miller, Mrs. E. E. Porter, Mrs. John Burkholder and Mrs. C. B. Daily. The evening was delightfully spent in social chat, music and the unraveling of the "Floral Love Affair." The prizes were drawn by Mrs. E. E. Porter, Mrs. D. K. Jones and Mrs. H. A. Fisher.

The Easly House, of Canal Fulton, which has been under one management during the thirty years of its existence, has been sold by Charles Easly to F. H. Pelton, of Cuyahoga Falls. Mr. Pelton is a hotel man of ripe experience, having been proprietor of the Hurd House at Orrville, and houses in Cuyahoga Falls and elsewhere. Mr. Easly came to Canal Fulton in 1855, and has resided here all these years. More than thirty years ago he purchased the building which has all these years been conducted as the Easly. The building had previously been occupied by store rooms and as a warehouse. The Easly House has enjoyed a good patronage and gained an enviable standing among hotel men and commercial travelers throughout the state. Mr. Easly has kept a model hostelry, comfortable, clean and homelike in every respect. He leaves the hotel in splendid condition, and we can wish for Mr. Pelton nothing better than that the house may be continued along the same lines.

Mr. Easly will remain here for a time, although his future movements are undecided, further than that he will visit for a time in Cleveland and Akron and perhaps locate in Seattle, Wash., where a son is in business. He will carry the best wishes of our people for continued health and prosperity.

ONLY SURVIVING MEMBER.

Mrs. E. F. Kingsbury Belonged to Old Kendal Community.

Mrs. Eliza Fostick Kingsbury, of Akron, spent several days in the city this week, the guest of Mrs. Eleanor D. Russell. She came to this neighborhood to attend the funeral of two old friends the late James W. Underhill, of Canton, and the late E. B. Bayliss, of this city.

The death of Mr. Underhill leaves Mrs. Kingsbury as the only survivor of a party of twenty-seven persons who came to the old village of Kendal from Coxsackie, N. Y., in the early twenties and founded what was known as the Kendal Community for Mutual Improvement. The late James Bayliss, of Massillon, who was born at Stratford-on-Avon, England, and the late Edward Dunn, an Irish Catholic, the father of Mrs. Eleanor D. Russell, were members of the community.

SEA LEVEL CANAL.

Washington, Nov. 18.—(By Associated Press.)—The board of consulting engineers of the isthmian canal commission today declared itself by a majority in favor of a sea level canal.

CHICAGO GRAIN MARKET.

Chicago, Nov. 17.—Heavy liquidation by prominent holders caused a break in the wheat market here of over 1c per bushel. The market closed at about the lowest point of the day, with the May option showing a net loss of ½@⅝c. Corn was down ⅜@. Oats were unchanged. Closing: Wheat, May, 87⅝@87¾; corn, May, 44⅞; oats, May, 32½.

PITTSBURG MARKETS—NOV. 17.

Corn—Yellow shelled, 63@63½; high mixed, 61½@62; new yellow ear, 50@51.

Oats—No. 2 white, 35½@36; No. 2 white, 35@35¼.

Hay—No. 1 timothy, $13@13.25; No. 2, $12@12.50; No. 1 clover, $10@10.50; No. 1 mixed, $10.50@11.

Eggs—Selected, 25@26.

Butter—Prints, 26½@27; tubs, 25½@26; dairy, 17@18.

Cheese—New York full cream, new, 14@14½; Ohio full cream, 14@14½; Wisconsin Swiss, 15@15½; limberger, new, 13@13½.

Cattle—Prime to fancy, fat, smooth steers, $5.50@5.75; green, coarse and rough, fat steers, $3.25@3.85; fat, smooth, dry fed, light steers, $3.75@4.25; choice milch cows, $35@50; medium to good milch cows, $20@30; good, fat, smooth, handy butchers' bulls, $3.25@3.75; feeding steers, good style, weight and extra quality, $3.50@4; feed steers, common to good quality, $3@3.50; fair to choice stockers $2.85@3.40.

Calves—Veals, good to choice, $7.50@8; veals, fair to good, $5.50@7; heavy and thin calves, $3@4.50.

Hogs—Good to prime heavy, $5.10@5.15; choice medium weights, $5.10; best heavy yorkers, $5.10; good light yorkers, $5.05@5.10; pigs, good to prime, $5.05@5.10.

Sheep and Lambs—Prime wethers, $4.85@5.10; good to choice mixed, $4.50@4.75; fair to good mixed, $4@4.50; culls and common, $3@4; spring lambs, $4.50@7.40.

DON'T WONDER WHY

Your neighbor gets a better value of merchandise than you do and did not pay any more (if as much)

Do As Your Neighbor Does,

Buy your goods at

A. J. Humberger Sons Co.

Massillon's Leading Retailers of Choice, First Class Merchandise

Ladies', Misses' and Children's Coats and Furs.

Every style shown at this store is the proper cut, style and correct fit. There are no ancient numbers to offer at a sacrifice. Everything new and offered at reasonable prices. Come in and get the prices. You'll find them right.

Colgate's Toilet Talcum 15c a box. Cashmere Bouquet 15c box

1 lb cake White Castile Soap only 10c.

3 cakes Cosmos Buttermilk Soap for 21c.

INDEPENDENT WANT COLUMNS.

Articles lost and found, houses to let or desired help wanted, situations wanted, real estate bulletins and kindred announcements are more certain to produce results if advertised under this head than by any other means. Copy must be left not later than 10 a. m. to insure insertion the same day. Three publications of not more than 4 printed lines for 25 cents

FOR RENT.

BUSINESS ROOMS—One room 40x22 feet; one front office room 18x16; one office 24x18, and one 20x19, on second floor; all with heat, in new Independent building. Inquire at Independent office.

BUSINESS ROOM with residence above, cor Canal and Charles Sts., formerly occupied by E. B. Arters; rent reasonable. Inquire Artificial Ice and Coal Company.

FLAT—Five room flat, 70 E Main St., all modern conveniences, also 4-roomed house rear 1 Third St., city and cistern water, at $7 per month Inquire at office Dielhenn Clothing and Shoe store

HOUSE—Five room house N. Grant street, near Pocock glass factory. Inquire at central engine house.

HOUSE—Four-room house cor. State and Second Sts.; summer kitchen, cellar, gas, city and cistern water Inquire Lawrence Post, at Bridge House, 87 W Main St.

HOUSE—Five-room house on Independence St., near steel plant. Inquire 191 E. South St.

ONE OFFICE ROOM on second floor in new Schworm block. Inquire C. Frank Schworm grocery.

ROOMS—3 or 4 unfurnished rooms suitable for light housekeeping, with bath, centrally located. Address Rooms care of Independent, or ring 3 rings on 218 Independent phone.

WANTED

BOY wanted at Western Union Tel. office.

GIRL—A good girl for general housework. Inquir D. C. Borton, 55 Locust St.

GIRL—Experienced girl for general housework. Inquire Mrs. C. P. L. McLain, 87 S. High St.

MINERS—Good wages and steady work Inquire at the James Mining Co. South Cherry St., Canton, O. Car fare refunded.

REPRESENTATIVE in own community; $500 to capital required; good salary to right party; bona fide real estate proposition. Address New Martinsville Improvement Co., Wheeling or Steelton, W. Va.

TO EXCHANGE lot for horse and buggy, lot on Third or Warwick St. Inquire C. V. Hammersmith, office.

TYPESETTERS—Twenty typesetters for job office; $18 per week of 54 hours; steady work; open shop The Forman Bassett-Hatch Co., Cleveland, O.

LOST.

BEADS—A string of blue beads between St. Timothy's parish house and 112 Prospect St Finder please return to this number or notify the owner, Miss Marjory Gates.

FUR TIPPET—Last Sunday on Main street between R. & O. R. R and Brown street. Finder please leave at 27 Brown St. and get reward

PURSE—Lady's black purse in South Erie St., Monday afternoon Finder return to Snyder's grocery 403 S Erie St. and receive reward.

FOR SALE.

ABSTRACTS OF TITLE promptly and accurately made at reasonable prices. The Trumpp Abstract Company, Eagle Block, Canton, O.

GUN—A double-barrelled shot gun in the best of condition. L. G. Grales, 22 Thorn St., City

HOUSES—An 8 room house on Akron St, house is arranged for one or two families, has gas for both heating and lighting, city and cistern water and good stone cellar, lot 45x208 feet with all kinds of fruit; street has sewer and paving; will sell for $1,200 if sold before Dec. 1; also a modern 7-room house on Woodland Ave., just off Erie St., with gas and city water; will sell for $2,850 if sold soon. Inquire of F. L. Boerngen, at Humberger's dry goods store.

HOUSE—Eight room house with bath and furnace; hot and cold soft water in the house; gas and city water; lot 88x120; this place is corner of High and Wellman. See S. Burd.

HOUSES—Two six-room houses on Akron St.; all modern improvements. Inquire C. V. Hammersmith.

LAND—Nine acres of ground located between the canal and river, 2¼ miles south of Massillon. Inquire of Henry Meetling, 395 N. Mill St.

LAND—Six acres of land, with house and barn, just outside city limits, cornering on two streets; price $1,900. See S. Burd.

LOTS—Four lots on Hill St., between Tremont and Oak Sts., and two cheap lots near the English Catholic school. Wm. McMillan, Attorney.

RANGE—A St. Louis Majestic steel range, used for wood or coal, sold cheap if sold soon, at 364 E. Main St H. F. Oehler.

SECOND HAND spring wagon, one top buggy, one phaeton, and cheap driving horse. West Side Livery. Wm. Bantz, Prop.

SIX ROOM house, Park st., $2,500.
Six room house, West St. near Main St., $1,700.
Eight room house, 48 Cecil St., piped for bath and furnace $2,100.
Seven room house, off Walnut St., near Oak Knoll school $1,500.
Seven and 8-room house, modern conveniences. S. Erie St., near W. & L. E. yards. $3,100 and $3,200
Good lot, Wallace St., $500
Lots corner Tremont and East Sts., facing on either street
Lots on Third and Front Sts.
Inquire of Chas G King, 29 S. Erie St.

STOVE—Climax cook stove in good condition; for coal or gas. Inquire 78 Ohio St., or E. F. Diehm

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